

# **Table of Contents**

Title	Page
Introduction	4
Unpacking the Meter	<b></b> 4
Safety Information	—-— 6
International Electrical Symbols	—-— 11
The Meter Structure	—-— 12
Key Functions	—-— 14
Rotary Switch —-—	—-— 15
Measurement Operation	—-— 16
A. Measuring Voltages	—-— 16
B. Measuring Insulation Resistance	—-— 18



Mai	ntenance	- 21
A.	General Service —-—	- 21
B.	Replacing the Battery	- 23
Spe	ecifications	- 25
Saf	ety and Compliances —-——-	- 25
Phy	sical Specifications	- 26
Ger	neral Specifications	- 27
Fea	ture Summary	- 27
Det	ailed Accuracy Specifications —-—-—-—-—-—-	- 28
A.	Voltage Measurement	- 28
B.	UT501: Insulation Resistance Measurement —-—-—	- 29
	UT502: Insulation Resistance Measurement —	- 30



### **List of Tables**

<b>Table</b> 1.	Title Unpacking Inspection	<b>Page</b> 5
2.	International Electrical Symbols	11
3.	Meter Front Description	13
4.	Key Description —-—	14
5.	Rotary Switch Description	15
List of Fig	gures	
Figure	Title	Page
1.	The Meter Front Structure	12
2.	Voltages Measurement —-—	16
3.	Insulation Resistance Measurement —-—	18
4.	Battery Replacement	23



### Introduction

Uni-Trend Model UT501 and UT502 insulation resistance tester (hereafter, "the Meter") is a handheld instrument designed primarily to make resistance/ insulation resistance, DC/AC Voltage measurement.

## **Unpacking the Meter**

The Meter includes the following items:



Table 1. Unpacking Inspection

Item	Description	Qty
1	English Operating Manual	1 piece
2	Test Lead	1 set
3	Test probe	1 set
4	Alligator clip	1 set
5	Carry bag	1 piece
6	Strap	1 piece
5	1.5V Battery (LR14)	6 pieces

In the event you find any missing or damage, please contact your dealer immediately.



# **Safety Information**

This Meter complies with the standards IEC61010 -1 safety measurement requirement: in pollution degree 2, overvoltage category (CAT. III 600V, CAT.II 1000V) and double insulation.

CAT II: Local level, appliance, portable equipment etc., with smaller transient voltage overvoltages than CAT. III

CAT III: Distribution level, fixed installation, with smaller transient over voltages than CAT. IV

Use the Meter only as specified in this operating manual, otherwise the protection provided by the Meter may be impaired.



- ⚠ Danger identifies conditions and actions that pose hazard(s) to the user.
- ⚠ Warning identifies avoiding electric shock.
- ⚠ Caution identifies conditions and actions that may damage the Meter and carrying out accurate measurement.

International electrical symbols used on the Meter and in this Operating Manual are explained on page 11.



### ⚠ Danger

Use of instrument in a manual not specifed by the manufactuer may impair safety features/protection provided by the equipment. Read the following safety information carefully before using or servicing the instrument.

- Do not apply more than 1000V DC or 750V AC.
- Do not use the Meter around explosive gas, vapor or dust.
- Do not use the Meter in a wet environment.
- When using the test leads, keep your figures away from the lead contacts.
- Keep your figures behind the finger guards on the leads.
- Do not use the Meter with any parts or cover removed.
- When carrying out insulation measurement, do not contact the circuit under test.



#### 

- Do not use the Meter if it is damaged or metal part is exposed. Look for cracks or missing plastic.
- Be careful when working above 30V rms, 46.7V ac rms and 70V DC. Such voltages pose a shock hazard.
- Do not change battery when the Meter is in wet environment.
- Place test leads in proper input terminals. Make sure all the test leads are firmly connected to the Meteris input terminals.
- Make sure the Meter is turned off when opening the battery compartment.
- Carefully read the operating manual before operating the Meter.
- Follow the operating manual all the time when using the Meter and keep the operating manual in a safe place.
- Wrong operation will cause incident and damage to the Meter.



#### **⚠** Caution

- When performing resistance tests, remove all power from the circuit to be measured and discharge all the power.
- When servicing the Meter, use only the same model number or identical electrical specifications of test leads and power adaptor.
- Do not use the Meter if the battery indicator ( ) shows a battery empty condition. Take the battery out from the Meter if it is not used for a long time.
- Do not use or store the Meter in an environment of high temperature, humidity, explosive, inflammable and strong magnetic field. The performance of the Meter may deteriorate after dampened.



# **International Electrical Symbols**

International symbols on the Meter and in this manual are explained in Table 2.

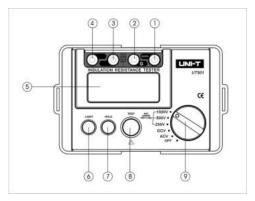
Table 2. International Electrical Symbols

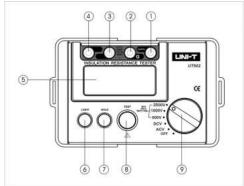
	Equipment protected by double or
	reinforced insulation.
DCV	DC Measurement
ACV	AC Measurement
ᆣ	Grounding
$\triangle$	See Manual
	Conforms to Standards of European
C€	Union



#### The Meter Structure

Below Figure 1 and Table 3 shows the Meter front structure and description.





a.UT501

b.UT502

Figure 1. The Meter Front Structure



Table 3. Meter Front Description

1	EARTH: Resistance input terminal
2	G: Voltage Measurement input negative terminal
3	V: Voltage input terminal
4	LINE: Resistance input terminal
5	LCD
6	Display Backlight button
7	Data Hold button
8	Insulation Resistance Button
9	Rotary switch



# **Key Functions**

Table 4. Key Description

HOLD	Press once to turn the data hold on, $lacktriangle$ is shown on the display.
	Press again to turn the data hold feature off. 📘 is disappeared.
LIGHT	Press once to turn the display backlight on.
	Press again to turn the display backlight off.
TEST	Press to stop or start an insulation resistance test.



# **Rotary Switch**

Table 5. Rotary Switch Description

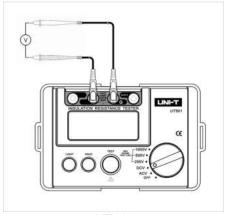
ON/OFF	Turn on or off the Meter.	
ACV	Turn the rotary switch to ACV to measure AC Voltage	
DCV	Turn the rotary switch to DCV to measure DC Voltage	
250V/500V/1000V	Turn the rotary switch to 250V/500V/1000V, select the	
(UT501)	requested output voltage, to carry out insulation	
	resistance measurement.	
500V/1000V/2500V	Turn the rotary switch to 500V/1000V/2500V, select	
(UT502)	the requested output voltage, to carry out insulation	
	resistance measurement.	



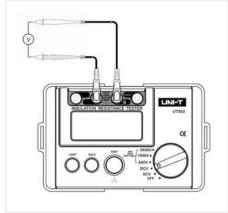
# **Measurement Operation**

Below section explains how to make measurements.

### A. Measuring Voltages



a.UT501



b.UT502

Figure 2. Voltages Measurement



#### 

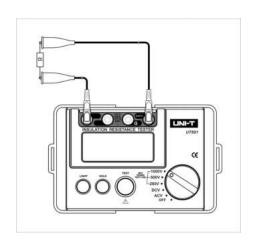
- To avoid harm to you or damages to the Meter from electric shock, do not attempt to meaure voltages higher than 1000V DC or 750V rms AC although readings may be obtained.
- When voltage measurement has been completed, disconnect the connection between the testing leads and the circuit under test and remove testing leads away from the input terminals of the Meter.
- Do not carry out measurement when the battery compartment is open.

To measure voltages, set up the Meter as Figure 4 and do the following:

- Turn the rotary switch to DCV or ACV.
- Insert the red test lead into the V terminal and the black test lead into the G terminal.
   Then carry out the measurement.



### **B.** Measuring Insulation Resistance





a.UT501 b.UT502

Figure 3. Insulation Resistance Measurement 18



#### 

- When measuring insulation resistance, please must separate the two test leads.
- When performing insulation resistance tests, remove all power from the circuit to be measured and discharge all the power.
- Do not short circuit two test leads under high voltage status.
- Do not measure insulation resistance after high voltage output.
- Do not carry out measurement when the battery compartment is open.
- When the measurement is completed, don't touch the circuit as the circuit has already stored capacitance, which may cause electric shock.
- Don't touch the test leads even after it has been removed from the circuit until voltages are all released.
- Do not carry out measurement when the battery compartment is open.

To measure insulation resistance, set up the Meter as Figure 3 and do the following:



- Turn the rotary switch to one of these position 250V / 500V / 1000V / 2500V.
  - 1. When performing insulation resistance tests, remove all power from the circuit to be measured and discharge all the power.
  - 2. Insert the red test lead into the **LINE** terminal and the black test lead into **EARTH** terminal.
  - Connect the red and black alligator clip to the circuit to be measured, positive voltage output from LINE terminal.

#### Continuous Measurement

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to one of these position 250V / 500V / 1000V / 2500V
- 2. Press **TEST** to button to carry out continuous measurement. Output insulation resistance testing voltage, **TEST** button light up,
- 3. Press **TEST** button to close the insulation resistance measurement voltage when measurement is completed. **TEST** button lights off.



#### Maintenance

This section provides basic maintenance information including battery replacement instruction.

### 

Do not attempt to repair or service your Meter unless you are qualified to do so and have the relevant calibration, performance test, and service information.

#### A. General Service

- Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents.
- To clean the terminals with cotton bar with detergent, as dirt or moisture in the terminals can affect readings.



- Turn the Meter to OFF when it is not in use.
- Take out the battery when it is not using for a long time.
- Do not use or store the Meter in a place of humidity, high temperature, explosive, inflammable and strong magnetic field.
- If the Meter is wet, dry it before use.



# B. Replacing the Battery

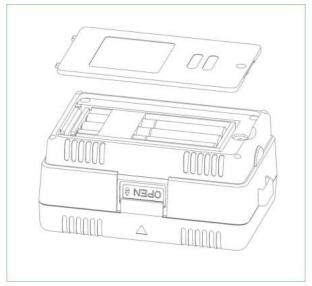


Figure 4. Battery Replacement **23** 



### 

- Donit mix to use old and new batteries.
- Be careful the polarity is correct when installing batteries.

### ⚠ Danger

Make sure the battery compartment is closed before using the Meter

Follow Figure 4 and proceed as follows to replace the battery:

- Turn the Meter to OFF and remove all connections from the terminals.
- Remove the screw from the battery compartment, and separate the battery compartment from the case bottom.
- Replace with 6pcs of new 1.5V (LR14) batteries.
- Rejoin the case bottom and battery compartment, and reinstall the screw.



# **Specifications**

## **Safety and Compliances**

Certification	CE
	IEC 61010 -1 CAT.II 1000V, CAT.III 600V
Compliances	overvoltage and double insulation
	standard



# **Physical Specifications**

Display (LCD)	Digital: 1999 counts
Operating Temperature	0°C ~35°C (32 °F ~95 °F )
Storage Temperature	-20°C ~60°C (-4°F ~140°F )
Relative Humidity	≤70% @ 0°C ~35°C below;
	≤80% @ -20°C ~60°C:
Battery Type	6pcs of 1.5V (LR14) batteries
Dimensions (H x W x L)	150 x 100 x 71 mm
Weight	Approx. 0.5kg (including battery)



### **General Specifications**

Over loading	UT501:
	Display 1பபப MΩ on insulation resistance range.
	Voltage display > 1999, display 1 ⊔ ⊔ ∪ V.
	Overload voltage testing is not allowed in this Meter.
	UT502: Display <b>OL</b> when overload testing on every range.
Battery Indicator	Display <b>■</b> ¹.

## **Feature Summary**

Display Backlight	Bright backlight for clear readings in poorly lighted areas.
Autorange	The Meter automatically selects best range
Warning	Red light will on when exporting high voltage.
Voltage	Auto release voltage



### **Detailed Accuracy Specifications**

Accuracy:  $\pm$  ([a% of reading] + [number of least significant digits]), guarantee for 1 year.

Operating temperature: 18 °C ~28 °C

Relative humidity: 45~75%RH

### A. Voltage Measurement

	DC Voltage	AC Voltage	
Measurement Range	±30 ~ ±1000V	30V~750V (50/60Hz)	
Resolution	1V		
Accuracy	±(2%+3)		



### B. UT501: Insulation Resistance Measurement

Output Voltage	250V	500V	1000V		
	$3M\Omega \sim 2000 M\Omega$ (When around less than $4.3 M\Omega$ , test lead insulation is bad or invalid, buzzer will beeps)				
Display Range					
Open Circuit Voltage	DC250V ±10%	DC500V ± 10%	DC1000V ± 10%		
Test Current	0.9mA~1.1mA @250kΩ	0.9mA~1.1mA @500k $\Omega$	0.9mA~1.1mA @1MΩ		
Short Circuit	Around less than 1.8 mA				
Accuracy	3MΩ to 99MΩ : ±(3%+5)				
	100MΩ ~ 2000MΩ: $\pm$ (5%+5)				



### **UT502: Insulation Resistance Measurement**

Output Voltage	500V	1000V	2500V		
	3MΩ~2GΩ	5MΩ ~4GΩ	25MΩ ~20GΩ		
Display Range	(less than 3M, buzzer beeps	(less than 5M, buzzer beeps	(less than 25M, buzzer beeps		
	and 0M $\Omega$ will be shown)	and 0M $\Omega$ will be shown)	and $0 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ will be shown)		
Open Circuit Voltage	DC500V±10%	DC1000V±10%	DC2500V ±10%		
Test Current	0.9mA~1.1mA @500k $\Omega$	0.9mA~1.1mA @1MΩ	0.9mA~1.1mA @2.5MΩ		
Short Circuit	Around less than 1.8 mA				
	3MΩ to 99.9MΩ: ±(3%+1)				
Accuracy	100MΩ~ 10GΩ: <u>+</u> (5%+1)				
	10GΩ to 20GΩ : ± (10%+1)				

\*\* END \*\*



This operating manual is subject to change without notice.